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APPLICATION NO.	FIL	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/789,781	10/789,781 02/27/2004		Sheldon Shafer	GEPL.P-093	9454
43247	7590	12/08/2004		EXAMINER	
OPPEDAH		SON LLP	BOYKIN, TERRESSA M		
PO BOX 500 DILLON, C				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,				1711	

DATE MAILED: 12/08/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	Office Action Summan	10/789,781	SHAFER ET AL.					
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	TI MALUMA DA MA	Terressa M. Boykin	1711					
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
- External control con	MORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. The ensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. The period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply one period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we use to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing led patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (3 ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS cause the application to become APANE.	be timely filed 0) days will be considered timely. 6 from the mailing date of this communication.					
Status	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							
1)[X]	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 Oc	stabor 2004						
								
3)	7	—) — The design to Holl Mild.						
-/_	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dianasit		C parte Quayle, 1955 C.D. T	I, 453 O.G. 213.					
	ion of Claims							
	4) Claim(s) <u>1-49</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
1	6) Claim(s) <u>1-49</u> is/are rejected.							
[, (,							
8)[_	8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Applicati	on Papers							
9) 🗌	9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>27 February 2004</u> is/are: a)□ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.								
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11)	11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).								
a)[a)∐ All b)∐ Some * c)∏ None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attack—								
Attachment(•	_	· ·					
2) Notice	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summ	ary (PTO-413)					
3) 📙 Inform	3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)							
Paper	No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	2.3.16 / phoduoti (r 10-132)					
J.S. Patent and Trail PTOL-326 (Re	demark Office v. 1-04) Office Actio	n Summary	Port of Paners No. (Mail Date 40.4.0.4					

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by USPub 2003/0078347 see abstract, pages 2-13, examples 1-4, and claim 42.

Applicants' claims are directed to a method for forming a liquid crystal polycarbonate comprising the steps of forming a reaction mixture comprising (a) an activated diaryl carbonate; (b) at least two species of aromatic diol monomers as claimed and processing the reaction mixture in a melt transesterification reaction to form a liquid crystal polycarbonate.

The reference discloses compositions such as liquid crystal polyesters comprising 2,4,6-trisubstituted-1,3,5-triazine capping agents comprising one, two, or three leaving groups as substituents with any remaining substituents being essentially inert to reaction with a nucleophilic group on a polymer or monomer, or reactive with a nucleophilic group on a polymer or monomer at a slower rate than any leaving group. The reference also comprises polymers or

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monomers with nucleophilic groups capped with a triazine moiety. Still other embodiments of the invention comprise processes for capping nucleophilic groups in a polymer or monomer which comprises combining and reacting the polymer or monomer with a triazine-comprising capping agent.

Specifically, with regard to the liquid crystal polycarbonate note that the reference discloses nucleophile-containing polymers of the reference comprise all those known in the art capable of being processed under solution, melt, or slurry conditions, such as, but not limited to, nucleophile-containing thermoplastic, thermoplastic-elastomeric, or elastomeric resins, or oligomers.

Illustrative examples include, but are not limited to, nucleophile-terminated polyethers, poly(arylene ether)s, poly(phenylene ether)s, polyetheresters, polyethersulfones, polyetheresters, polyetherimides, polyamideimides, polyimides, polyetherketones, polyetherketones, polyaryletherketones, polyetheretherketones, polyetherketoneketones, poly(arylene sulfide)s, poly(phenylene sulfide)s, polyacetals, polycarbonates, polyesters, poly(alkylene terephthalate)s, polyarylates, liquid crystalline polyesters, polyestercarbonates,

With regard claims 1, 5, 13, 14 to the use of two aromatic diol monomers note that the reference discloses that some illustrative, non-limiting examples of dihydric phenols of formula (XVII) as disclosed therein include the dihydroxy-substituted aromatic hydrocarbons. In various embodiments of the reference dihydric phenols include 6-hydroxy-1-(4'-hydroxyphenyl)-1,3,3-trimethylindane, 4,4'-(3,3,5-

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trimethylcyclohexylidene)diphenol; 1,1-bis(4-hydroxy-3-methyl- phenyl)cyclohexane; 2,2-bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)propane (commonly known as bisphenol-A or "BPA"); 2,2-bis(4-hydroxy-3,5-dimethylphenyl)propane; 2,2-bis(4-hydroxy-3-methylphenyl)propane; 2,2-bis(4-hydroxy-3-methylphenyl)propane; 2,2-bis(4-hydroxy-3-isopropylphenyl)propane; 2,4'-dihydroxydiphenylmethane; bis(2-hydroxyphenyl)methane; bis(4-hydroxy-phenyl)methane; bis(4-hydroxy-5-nitrophenyl)methane; bis(4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethyl-3-methoxyphenyl)methane; 1,1-bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)ethane; 1,1-bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)ethane; 1,1-bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)cyclohexyl- methane; 2,2-bis(3-phenyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)-propane; bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)cyclohexyl- methane; 2,2-bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)-1-phenylpropane; hydroquinone, resorcinol; C 1-3 alkyl-substituted resorcinols. See applicants' claims 7, 8, 15, 19, 20, 21, 22-30, 36 and 37-46.

With regard to claim 2, 3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 16, 17, 18, 32, 33, 34, note that the reference discloses that typical carbonate esters which may be employed herein include, but are not limited to, diaryl carbonates, including, but not limited to, diphenylcarbonate, di(halophenyl)carbonates, di(chlorophenyl)carbonate, di(bromophenyl)carbonate, di(trichlorophenyl)carbonate, di(trichlorophenyl)carbonate; di(alkylphenyl)carbonates, di(tolyl)carbonate; di(naphthyl)carbonate, di(chloronaphthyl)carbonate, phenyl tolyl carbonate, chlorophenyl chloronaphthyl carbonate, di(methyl salicyl)carbonate, and mixtures thereof.

With regard to applicants' claims 5, 6, 13, 14 and 12, note in one embodiment of the reference, the acid-acceptor comprises aqueous sodium hydroxide and the reaction is carried out in a two-phase mixture of water and organic solvent, in which case a

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phase transfer catalyst may optionally be present. Phase transfer catalysts are well-known in the art and include quaternary ammonium and phosphonium compounds.

With regard to claims 31, 47, 48 and 49 note that the reference discloses that in one embodiment in an extrusion process subsequent feedports or further *molding* and extrusion processes may be used to add commonly known additives such as, for example, antioxidants, antistatic agents, inert *fillers*, ultraviolet radiation absorbers and stabilizers, hydrolytic stabilizers, impact modifiers, *mold release* agents, color stabilizers, flame retardants, and the like. Whatever process is used, a nucleophile-capped polymer is isolated using standard methods including, if desired, converting the polymer into pellets. Also the reference notes that capping of nucleophilic groups on polymers may result in cross-linked polymers if the nucleophilic groups comprise pendant groups and a difunctional or trifunctional capping agent is used. Chain-extended, branched, and cross-linked polymers often have improved properties such as increased melt strength for use in making blow *molded articles*.

Thus, the reference discloses a liquid crystal polyester containing an end capping agent. Note that a polycarbonate is in fact a polyester of carbonic acid and thus would anticipate applicants' claimed invention. Note that the definition of a polycarbonate in the Hackh's Chemical Dictionary, which is widely known and used by those skilled in the art, states that "polycarbonates......thermoplastic linear polyesters of carbonic esters".

Consequently, applicant's claim should be interpreted according to MPEP 211 by giving the broadest reasonable interpretation consistent with the supporting description. It is noted that the descriptive language of the specification and claim 1 may anticipate a

polyester structure which is a polyester of carbonic acid, i.e. polycarbonate. Thus, in view of the above, there appears to be no significant difference between the reference and that which is claimed by applicant(s). Any differences not specifically mentioned appear to be conventional. Consequently, the claimed invention cannot be deemed as novel and accordingly is unpatentable.

Claim Objections

Claims 1 and 15 are objected to because of the following informalities:

Claim 1 is objected to under 37 CFR 1.75 as being a substantial duplicate of claim 15. When two claims in an application are duplicates or else are so close in content that they both cover the same thing, despite a slight difference in wording, it is proper after allowing one claim to object to the other as being a substantial duplicate of the allowed claim. See MPEP § 706.03(k). Appropriate correction is required.

Correspondence

Please note that the <u>cited</u> U.S. patents and patent application publications are available for download via the Office's PAIR. As an alternate source, <u>all</u> U.S. patents and patent application publications are available on the USPTO web site (<u>www.uspto.gov</u>), from the Office of Public Records and from commercial sources. Applicants may be referred to the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at http://www.uspto.gov/ebc/index.html or 1-866-217-9197.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Examiner Terressa Boykin whose telephone number is 571 272-1069. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 6:30am to 3:00pm.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306. The general information number for listings of personnel is (571-272-1700).

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

tmb

Examiner Terressa Boykin

Primary Examiner

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